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July 27, 2006

The Honorable Charles Terreni Chief Clerk of the Commission Public Service Commission of South Carolina Post Office Drawer 11649 Columbia, South Carolina 29211

Re:

Joint Petition for Arbitration of NewSouth Communications Corp., NuVox Communications, Inc., KMC Telecom V, Inc., KMC Telecom III LLC, and Xspedius [Affiliates] an Interconnection Agreement with BellSouth

Telecommunications, Inc. Pursuant to Section 252(b) of the Communications Act

of 1934, as Amended Docket No. 2005-57-C

Dear Mr. Terreni:

On May 26, 2005, BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. ("BellSouth") submitted CDs that contained items from the Florida¹ and North Carolina² proceedings to be incorporated into the record of this docket. One of those items was the transcript of the February 25, 2005 deposition of BellSouth witness Kathy Blake in the companion arbitration proceeding before the Florida Commission. It has come to my attention that the CD contains only the odd-numbered pages of that transcript. In order to correct this error and provide for a complete record in this docket, BellSouth respectfully submits the attached paper copy of the transcript of that deposition and the late-filed exhibits associated with that deposition.

¹ In the Matter of Joint Petition for Arbitration of NewSouth Communications Corp., NuVox Communications Corp., KMC Telecom V, Inc., KMC Telecom III LLC, and Xspedius Communications, LLC on Behalf of its Operating Subsidiaries Xspedius Management Co. Switched Services, LLC and Xspedius Management Co. of Jacksonville, LLC; Docket No. 040130-TP.

² In the Matter of: Joint Petition for Arbitration of NewSouth Communications Corp., et al. of an Interconnection Agreement with BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. Pursuant to Section 252(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as Amended; Docket Nos. P-772, Sub 8; P-913, Sub 5; P-989, Sub 3; P-824, Sub 6; P-1202, Sub 4.

The Honorable Charles Terreni July 27, 2006 Page Two

I apologize for any inconvenience that this may have caused the Commission or the parties.

By copy of this letter, I am providing a copy of the transcript and late-filed exhibits to counsel for the Joint Petitioners and to counsel for the Office of Regulatory Staff.

Sincerely,

Patrick W. Turner

PWT/nml Enclosures

cc: Parties of Record

DM5 # 643149

BEFORE THE IC SERVICE COMMISSION DOCKET NO. 040130-TP

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In the Matter of

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BEHALF OF ITS OPERATING SUBSIDIARIES

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9 ARBITRATION OF CERTAIN ISSUES ARISING IN NEGOTIATION OF INTERCONNECTION 10

AGREEMENT WITH BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.

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TELEPHONIC

DEPOSITION OF:

TAKEN AT THE

INSTANCE OF:

PLACE: 19

TIME: 21

DATE:

REPORTED BY:

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JOINT PETITION BY NEWSOUTH COMMUNICATIONS CORP., NUVOX COMMUNICATIONS, INC., KMC TELECOM V, INC., KMC TELECOM III LLC, AND XSPEDIUS COMMUNICATIONS, LLC, ON XSPEDIUS MANAGEMENT CO. SWITCHED SERVICES, LLC AND XSPEDIUS MANAGEMENT CO. OF JACKSONVILLE, LLC, FOR

ELECTRONIC VERSIONS OF THIS TRANSCRIPT ARE

A CONVENIENCE COPY ONLY AND ARE NOT THE OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE HEARING, THE .PDF VERSION INCLUDES PREFILED TESTIMONY.

KATHY BLAKE

Room 362

Gerald L. Gunter Building 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard

The Staff of the Florida Public Service Commission

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

Commenced at 10:44 a.m.

Concluded at 12:00 p.m.

Friday, February 25, 2005

LINDA BOLES, RPR

Official FPSC Hearings Reporter

FPSC Division of Commission Clerk and

Administrative Services

850/413-6734

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION



APPEARANCES:

JAMES MEZA, III, ESQUIRE, BellSouth
Telecommunications, Inc., c/o Ms. Nancy H. Sims, South Monroe
Street, Suite 400, Tallahassee, Florida 32301-1556, appearing
on behalf of BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., participating
telephonically.

NORMAN H. HORTON, JR., ESQUIRE, Messer Law Firm, 215 South Monroe Street, Suite 701, Tallahassee, Florida 32302, appearing on behalf of NewSouth, NuVox, KMC Telecom III and V/Xspedius, participating telephonically.

KIRA SCOTT, ESQUIRE, and JEREMY SUSAC, ESQUIRE, FPSC General Counsel's Office, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard,
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850, appearing on behalf of the Commission Staff.

1			WITNESS		
2	NAME:				PAGE NO.
3	KATHY BLAKE				
4	Direct E	Examination	by Ms. Scott		6 ,
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1		EXHIBITS	
2	NUMBER:		ID.
3	BellSouth 1	(Late-Filed) BellSouth Proposed Language Regarding Flexibility of	12
4		Start Date	
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6	BellSouth 2	(Late-Filed) Transcript from Georgia Commission	35
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STIPULATION

IT IS STIPULATED that this deposition was taken pursuant to notice in accordance with the applicable Florida Rules of Civil Procedure; that objections, except as to the form of the question, are reserved until hearing in this cause; and that reading and signing was not waived.

IT IS ALSO STIPULATED that any off-the-record. conversations are with the consent of the deponent.

1 DEPOSITION 2 KATHY BLAKE 3 appeared as a witness and, after being duly sworn by the notary present with the witness, testified as follows: 4 5 MR. MEZA: And just for the record, the only people 6 present in the conference room in Atlanta is myself, Jim Meza, the witness, Kathy Blake, and the notary, Ms. Brenda Slaughter, 7 8 who will be leaving shortly 9 MS. SCOTT: Okay. Let's get started. 1.0 DIRECT EXAMINATION 11 BY MS. SCOTT: 12 Good morning, Ms. Blake. 13 Good morning. 14 My name is Kira Scott. I'm an attorney with the Public Service Commission. I'll be deposing you today. 15 16 Α Okay. 17 Before we get started, I would like you to know that at any time you have trouble understanding the questions that I 18 19 pose to you, feel free to ask me to rephrase, clarify or 20 repeat. Also, if you could answer the questions with a yes or 21 no, then elaborate if necessary, that would be much 22 appreciated. 23 Certainly. 24 Could you please state your full name and business 25 address for the record?

1 My name is Kathy K. Blake, 675 West Peachtree Street, 2 Atlanta, Georgia 30375. 3 Q Did you file testimony in Docket 040130? Yes, I did. Α 4 Q Did you file direct and rebuttal? 5 Yes, I did. 6 Α 7 Do you have copies of your testimony with you today? 8 Α Yes, I do. 9 0 And what documents did you review prior to this 10 deposition? 11 I reviewed my testimony, Mr. Morillo's direct 12 testimony for which I'm adopting, Mr. Russell's rebuttal testimony, the joint petitioners' testimony, Mr. Morillo's 13 14 North Carolina parts of supplemental direct that were asked about, and the transcript page referenced in -- of the 15 16 transcript that was requested. 17 Okay. Is that all? 18 Basically, yes. 19 Okay. I'm going to ask you a series of questions Q 20 regarding the EEL auditing process. 21 Okay. 22 In particular, Items 51(b) and (c). 23 Α Okay. 24 Would you please explain what the parties have agreed Q

to with regard to Item 51(b), that is Issue 2-33(b)?

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1	A Okay. If I can reference the Attachment 2 document.
2	The parties have agreed to that BellSouth will provide a
3	cause excuse me, let me get to the actual
4	Q That's fine. Take your time.
5	A because it's in the preceding paragraph of 5.2.6,
6	I believe. Yes.
7	The parties have agreed that BellSouth may on an
8	annual basis and only based upon cause conduct an audit of the
9	joint petitioners' records in order to verify compliance with
10	the high capacity EEL eligibility criteria.
11	So the issue in Item (b) or the dispute in Item (b)
12	pertains to what will be in the notice that is sent by
13	BellSouth to the CLEC or to the joint petitioner. When we have
14	a cause that we're going to conduct an audit, we send them a
15	notice, and we are proposing to send a notice no less than 30
16	calendar days prior to the date upon which we want to begin the
17	audit.
18	MR. MEZA: Kira, this is Jim. Can we just state for
19	the record that the usual stipulations apply, just to make sure
20	there's no ambiguity on that?
21	MS. SCOTT: Oh, yes.
22	MR. MEZA: Thank you. Sorry, sorry to interrupt.
23	MS. SCOTT: Oh, that's fine. Just a moment.
24	BY MS. SCOTT:
25	Q Okay. Ms. Blake, could you please explain further

what the parties are unable to agree to with regards to the time period, the timing issue?

A I don't believe the agreement or the disagreement is relative to the timing period as far as the number of days in the notice. It's pretty -- it's centered around what is contained in the notice. BellSouth would identify in the notice the cause upon which we rest our allegations that they're out of compliance, their EELs are not in compliance.

The joint petitioners, on the other hand, are seeking for BellSouth to specifically identify the circuits for which we have reason to believe are out of compliance, as well as provide supporting documentation with the notice.

- Q Okay. Thank you. Would you please explain what BellSouth's position is with regard to the portion of the issue that the parties have been unable to reach agreement on?
 - A Relative to 51(b)?
 - Q Yes, ma'am.

A Well, in the, in the language in Attachment 2 the joint petitioners set forth basically what I just mentioned a minute ago about wanting the notice to contain and identify particular circuits for which we allege noncompliance, and then the notice will also include all supporting documentation.

And in BellSouth's language we, we are agreeable to identifying the cause upon which we rest our allegations of noncompliance, and, and that should be all we'd be required to

do. I mean, the requirement is for the CLECs to only obtain EELs in compliance with the eligibility criteria, and when they order those EELs, we take them basically at their word that they're complying. If we have reasons to believe through either information within our system that leads us to believe they're not in compliance, then we feel we have the right to invoke our, our right to audit pursuant to the FCC's orders.

Q Thank you. Could you please now refer to your rebuttal testimony. Please refer to Page 37. Let me know when you're there.

A I'm there.

Q Okay. Would you read Lines 1 through 5, starting with "Naturally"?

A "Naturally, there is" -- you want me to read it out loud?

Q Yes, ma'am.

A "Naturally, there is room for negotiation as to the specific start date and time, and BellSouth will certainly consider extenuating circumstances that may not permit a CLEC to be ready within 30 days."

Q Could you read the next sentence, please?

A Sure. "But in no case should the CLEC be permitted to unduly and unilaterally delay the start of the audit."

Q Okay. Thank you. Is BellSouth willing to propose additional language for Section 5.2.6.1 of the proposed

interconnection agreement that would allow the CLEC this negotiation option?

A I'm not sure I understand what you mean by "negotiation option."

Q I'm referring back to the Lines 1 through 5 where there's discussion of negotiation as to the specific start date and time. That's the negotiation option that I'm referring to.

A I mean, I can state we're willing to entertain language, you know, that the parties will, you know, work cooperatively to reach an agreeable start date.

But I think what we need to make sure we're not subject to is unnecessary delay based on either their contention that we don't have cause or that we're doing an audit unnecessarily or, you know, we'll get to this in 51(c), you know, that they don't like the auditor we selected or that they are questioning the independence or integrity of an auditor that, you know, has been selected.

So, you know, whether, whether language can be proposed and considered that would, you know, work in that we're willing to negotiate the start date of the audit, but the intent is to, to ensure that the CLECs are using EELs in compliance with the eligibility criteria. And the sooner we can proceed with the audit and get the auditor to make that assessment, that's where we need to be.

Q Just a moment. I'm sorry.

1 Okay. Ms. Blake, you had stated that BellSouth would be willing to entertain such a negotiation option. Could you 2 provide us with a late-filed exhibit with some language, some 3 proposed language? 4 5 Α Certainly. 6 MR. MEZA: Kira, just so I'm clear as to what you're 7 asking, you want us to provide language regarding flexibility 8 of the start date? 9 MS. SCOTT: Yes. 10 MR. MEZA: Okay. No problem. 11 MS. SCOTT: Okay. Thank you. 12 (Late-Filed Exhibit 1 identified.) 13 BY MS. SCOTT: 14 My next two questions deal with Item 51, 15 Issue 2-33(c), that is who should conduct the audit and how the 16 audit should be performed. 17 Yes. 18 Ms. Blake, do you have in front of you the regular 19 membership requirements for the American Institute for 20 Certified Public Accountants? 21 Α I will when I pull them out of this file. 22 Okay. Let me know when you're ready. Q 23 I've got the membership benefits, membership Α 24 requirements, yes. 25 0 Okay. Do you have highlighted portions on your copy?

1	A NO.
2	Q Oh, okay.
3	A I printed this off the AICPA Web site.
4	Q Okay. Under the membership requirements there are
5	five bullets.
6	A Right.
7	Q Would you please read the first sentence under the
8	last two bullets?
9	A The first sentence of the fourth bullet is, "Practice
10	in a firm enrolled in an approved practice-monitoring program
11	(or, if practicing in a firm not eligible to enroll, are
12	themselves enrolled in such a program); (a) If the service is
13	performed by such a firm or individual or within the scope of
14	the AICPA's practice"
15	Q That's all you have to, to read, ma'am.
16	Oh. Could you go on to read the fifth bullet point?
17	A Yes. "All members must agree to abide by the AICPA
18	bylaws and code of professional conduct."
19	Q Okay. Thank you. Do you have a copy of Article IV,
20	Section 4, Objectivity and Independence? Just Article IV. I'm
21	sorry.
22	A Yes, I have Article IV.
23	Q Okay. Please read the portion starting with, "A
24	member."
25	A The italicized under the title?

Q Yes, ma'am.

A Okay. "A member should maintain objectivity and be free of conflicts of interest in discharging professional responsibilities. A member in public practice should be independent in fact and appearance when providing auditing and other attestation services."

Q Okay. Could you read the next sentence, please, and then that's it?

A Subpart 01? I read those two sentences in the italics.

Q Okay. Never mind. Is BellSouth willing to agree that the auditor must be a member of the AICPA?

A BellSouth is, in its opinion, complying with the FCC's requirements that the audit be conducted in accordance with AICPA standards. I don't know that we can -- as far as being a member of the AICPA, I don't know that we considered that as a specific requirement. I mean, I think the requirement or the obligation is that the audit be conducted in accordance with AICPA standards. Whether a firm is a, quote, unquote, member should be, I mean, irrelevant in a lot of regards because they are attesting that they are complying with the standards that those members comply with. So the end result should be the same.

Q Okay. The joint CLECs are, would like a mutual agreement as to the auditors being members of the AICPA.

Well, I guess BellSouth's position is that's an 1 Α 2 unnecessary requirement and contradicts the obligation set 3 forth in the FCC's order. 0 4 Just a moment. 5 (Pause.) 6 Okay. Ms. Blake, I'm back. 7 If the auditor finds a problem but the CLEC disagrees 8 with the finding, does the CLEC have any recourse to appeal 9 that finding? 10 Α The CLEC would have the recourse to come to the 11 Commission as kind of a dispute resolution under the agreement. 12 Okay. Let me see if I understand you correctly. 13 You're saying that the recourse is coming to the Commission 14 and -- is that what you're saying? 15 Α It would be a dispute under the agreement. 16 of the agreement would set forth how we would do the audit or 17 the process for the audit. And if they didn't agree with the findings of the audit, I believe that would be subject to the 18 19 dispute resolution procedures process set forth in the 20 agreement. 21 Where can that be found in the interconnection Okay. 22 agreement? 23 Α Dispute resolution being arbitrated under Issue 9,

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it's the general terms and conditions section.

Could you repeat that? I'm sorry.

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1	A	It's in the general terms and conditions section.
2	I'm trying	g to find my copy.
3	Q	Okay. No problem.
4	A	Section 13 of the general terms and conditions.
5	Q	Is, is BellSouth willing to add language to the
6	interconne	ection agreement that would allow for such a process?
7	A	Allow for a process of disputing the results of an
8	audit?	
9	Q	Never mind that question. Disregard it, please.
LO		Could you give me a moment?
11		(Recess taken.)
L2	BY MS. SC	OTT:
L3	Q	Okay. Ms. Blake, I have several questions that
L 4	relate to	Issue 97. That is the issue about when payments
L5	should be	due.
16	A	Okay.
L7	Q	Please turn to Page 44 of your rebuttal testimony.
18	A	I'm there.
19	Q	Okay. Please go down to Line 5 where you use the
20	term "spec	cial circumstances."
21	A	Right.
22	Q	Could you please review this text? Let me know when
23	you're rea	ady.
24	A	Okay.
25	Q	Could you list for me what special circumstances you

had in mind?

A I think that'll be dependent upon our discussions with the CLEC, unless it would be prompted by the CLEC contacting us and saying, you know, the person that handles my bill is, you know, had a death in the family or, you know, we've got a situation within their company that is going to cause them to not to be able to pay their bill by the payment due date and they're seeking an extension, they could have had a flood in their office that, you know, caused them to be out of commission for a few days. Those type of situations would come to mind. We don't have an exhaustive list or even a contemplated list. It would be dependent upon the circumstance the CLEC brings forth to BellSouth at the time.

Q Okay. Give me a moment, please.

Okay. If I understood you correctly, are you saying that it's, it's purely a function of what the CLEC brings?

A It would have to be determined based on the situation the CLEC would bring to our attention. You know, we, we talk with the CLECs, our collection and, billing and collection organization, you know, has sometimes daily, weekly, sometimes multiple times daily discussions with the billing groups of the CLECs, and either questions about their bill or inquiries about, you know, disputes, status of disputes pending. So, I mean, it's in the normal course of business in dealing with our customers, which the CLECs are our customers just like any

other customer, we would, you know, extend extensions, grant extensions in those circumstances that we feel it would be warranted and justified. I mean, they just call up and say, you know, I need more time to pay because I, you know, hadn't, you know, felt like paying your bill, you know, that to me is not a special circumstance that would warrant an extension.

Q Okay. Thank you.

Could you now please turn to Page 45 of your rebuttal testimony beginning at Line 11?

A I'm there.

- Q Are you there?
- A Yes. I'm sorry. Yes, I'm there.
- Q Oh, okay. There you describe the bill generation process; correct?
 - A Yes.
 - Q Okay. Is bill generation the same for retail as wholesale?

A Yes. The systems that are used to bill the CLECs and our other wholesale customers and our retail customers are the same systems, which is our CRIS system, CRIS, Customer Records Information Systems, and our CABS, Carrier Access Billing Systems, are the two billing systems that are used to bill all of our customers.

Q Okay. So bill generation is the same for retail and wholesale; correct?

A Yes. Depending on the system that their bill is generated from, whether it's a CRIS bill, there may be some different bill generation processes that are not quite exactly the same as the CABS bill generation process. But if the customer is billed via our CRIS system, regardless of the type of customer, it would all be generated the same way.

Q Okay. A bill date is not the same as the bill generation date; correct?

A Correct. The bill date is the set date that is populated on the customer's bill that says this is when we basically stopped -- for this month we stopped accumulating the charges. And then the bill generation is the process we go through to generate the bill, pull all the charges, do all the processing and producing of the bill.

Q Are the terms "bill date" and "bill generation date" separately defined in the interconnection agreement?

A I do not believe to that specificity they are. I mean, the interconnection agreement sets forth the -- we send you a bill, we expect it to be paid by the payment due date, which is defined as on or before the next bill date.

- Q You state that the bill generation date is typically three to four business days past a bill date; correct?
 - A Typically, yes.

- Q Has that always been the case?
- A Yes. Typically in the past even with our retail

customers before we had CLECs in this environment, that's -our, our systems need the time to pull the records, and we may
be getting data, toll records from other parties that have to
go on that bill, and we accumulate those records, validate and
make sure they're appropriate and then put them on the bill,
generate the bill.

Q Are there any exceptions?

A Exceptions for it being three, an average, you know, estimated three to four days or exceptions for what? I'm not sure I follow you.

Q Yes, ma'am. The three to four business days, I'm just asking you if there have been any exceptions in the past.

A I mean, there could be -- by exception, I guess I'll answer it in the context of there could be situations that cause it to be shorter or longer than that, you know, period of time. A lot of it will be dependent upon the records that are being gathered and the processes that are having to take place.

Q Okay. Upon request or as a routine business practice has BellSouth ever generated bills on the bill date?

A Not to my knowledge. Like I said, predominantly we accumulate the usage and on all the billing records that are associated with that particular account and make sure they're, that we've got everything up, you know, that was incurred through that, that bill date, and then go through the, the processing and the generation of the bill.

So I can't, can't imagine or recall or have any knowledge of that we would have had the ability to, like, on the first bill period that we generate the bill on the first. It would be highly unlikely.

Q Do you know if BellSouth has ever been requested to do, to do this on an individual case basis?

A Not to my knowledge. I do not have any knowledge to that effect, and I would be --

Q Can a wholesale or retail customer request that BellSouth generate a bill on the bill date?

A I, I guess they could request anything. Whether we can honor that request is really the issue here. As far as to individually process and generate a bill for one customer on a specific date and realizing the volume of bills we generate every month in the 20-plus billing cycles we have in a month, it just would not be an efficient -- I mean, again, we'd have to weigh what would be the cost of doing that. And, again, you know, we've got processes in place for CLECs to request things that are outside of our obligations, which, you know, I'm not aware that any CLEC has asked for that through our business request process rather.

Q Okay. I want to shift over to Page 46 now of your rebuttal testimony.

A Okay.

1 Beginning at Line 24. There you reference that SEEM Q 2 penalties enter the picture if BellSouth fails to remit bills 3 timely. Α 4 Yes. 5 For the record, SEEM is an acronym for self-effectuating enforcement mechanism; correct? 6 7 Α Correct. 8 Please tell me what is timely versus untimely. 9 Α I believe the timely criteria is established in the 10 service quality measurements that the Florida Commission 11 established as what the benchmarks are. And I believe the benchmark for invoice timeliness is, or mean time to deliver 12 13 invoices is set at parity with retail. 14 So if -- our measure is if, if we send our retail 15 bills in four days, we have to at least do the same for the CLECs in four days. That's the analog. 16 17 Subject to check, would you agree that the SEEM 18 metric that relates to timeliness is the mean time to deliver invoices metric? 19 20 And I believe we attached that to one of our 21 interrogatory requests to the staff. Average time to deliver 22 bills is the parentheses under the report. 23 Okay. Thank you.

time to deliver invoices metric, are the affected CLECs

If BellSouth pays a Tier 1 SEEM penalty for a mean

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afforded any specific terms and conditions because the billing was untimely?

A I'm not real versed on the Tier 1 type penalties. I believe those are payments directly to a CLEC --

Q Yes.

A -- using their particular measure.

Would you ask your question again? I was thinking about the Tier 1 when you were asking.

Q Sure. No problem. If BellSouth pays a Tier 1 SEEM penalty for a mean time to deliver invoices metric, are the affected CLECs afforded any specific terms and conditions because the billing was untimely?

A By terms and conditions, are you talking about in the concert of their interconnection agreement?

O Yes.

A Not -- and, again, that could be if the bill was delivered late, you know, and that would perpetuate it being a SEEMs penalty or could fall into a SEEMs penalty. It could be that we would waive late payment charges in that case.

Q Okay. Now for the next question if you could get out joint CLEC or joint petitioners' witness Hamilton Russell's rebuttal testimony.

- A I have it.
- Q Or, I'm sorry, direct testimony.
- A Right.

Q I apologize for that.

A I don't have his direct. That's the rebuttal.

MR. MEZA: I have it here, Kira. Just give me one second to give it to the witness.

MS. SCOTT: Okay.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

BY MS. SCOTT:

Q Okay. At Page 41, Line 12, and continuing to Page 42, Line 9.

A Okay.

Q Their witness Russell describes CLEC-specific experiences with respect to the timeliness of BellSouth bills.

A Right.

Q Could you explain why the bill delivery for these particular CLECs varied greatly from month to month?

A No. I'd like to be able to, but I haven't seen this study. And I think we took exception to the study because we had asked for it and I don't think we've been given it. And, again, this doesn't, is not consistent with the, the SQM and the performance measurements data that we have for the CLECs in Florida. And I believe NuVox gets their bills electronically or a good portion of their bills electronically, so we were surprised by this, and I think in my rebuttal we, we took issue with it.

Q Thank you for that.

Now my next series of questions, you'll need to get out BellSouth's responses to staff's first set of discovery.

- A Okay. Yes. I'm ready.
- Q Okay. Please turn to the attachment for Item Number 16.
 - A I have it.

- Q In general, what does this report tell us?
- A This is the SQM report for Florida for the time period of January 2004 through December 2004, the billing measure that measures the mean time to deliver invoices via CRIS or CABS, those are the two billing systems, which in essence is an average time to deliver bills.

It shows the month, the source or the system, which is CABS or CRIS, has the state, which shows Florida. It shows the product group description, whether it's interconnection, resale or UNE. It shows, reflects what the benchmark analog is, and in this case it's retail.

And the next three columns, again, are probably more detail or there's more detail to them than I'm able to give.

But it shows data that was used in calculating the measurement based on BellSouth's retail information, and then the CLEC volume information is in this next three columns. And then there's some other standard deviation errors which are blank, and then there's a Z-score equity that indicates whether we met the measure, are we at parity or not. And there's only one

month that shows not at parity for one, for one system.

- Q Okay. The data in this report represents aggregate CLEC information; correct?
 - A Yes.
 - Q Is the benchmark for this metric parity with retail?
- A Yes.

- Q What is parity?
- A Substantially same time and manner would be my definition of parity.
- Q Parity with retail is not a fixed, fixed measure, is it?
- 12 A I'm sorry?
 - Q Parity with retail is not a fixed measure, is it?
 - A Fixed measure? It would be parity -- parity would mean whatever the retail results are that were either the same or better, were not worse. If it's worse than what we offer to retail or what we're providing to retail, then that's not in parity.
 - Q Does that mean it goes up and down, that it can float from one time period to another?
 - A Yes, depending on what the measurement window is, window is for that particular measure. Basically it's a month. You know, again, I'm not that detailed about the intricacies of the SQM and what goes into the actual measure, that data that's considered. But on this particular report you can see under

the column labeled for the first row, January '04 for CABS interconnection, the BellSouth metric or, that were measured against for CLECs, we delivered their bills, average time delivery was five days. CLECs, the average was 4.8 to 8.5 days. So we were better than the 5 we did for retail.

Q Does BellSouth's proposed interconnection language allow payment terms to float?

A I'm sorry? I'm not sure I'm following your question.

Payment terms for CLECs to pay their bills?

O Yes.

A No. The language in the agreement is predicated upon payment is due on or before the payment due date, which is defined as the bill date of the next month. Again, we've got -- you know, if there's situations that they need more time, we could, you know, discuss those and don't unreasonably deny those requests.

So, I mean, the bill is expected to be paid on or before the payment due date, as with every one of our other customers.

Q Would you agree that contract terms need to be firm as opposed to floating?

A I think contract terms need to be defined so the parties understand what their obligations are.

Q Okay. Is it correct that BellSouth met the benchmark for both sub-metrics in almost every reporting period?

A Are you referencing the mean time to deliver invoices measure that we provided? I mean, I don't --

Q Yes.

A Okay. We met the, we met the metric in all except the one on January 4th that's at the bottom of the first page for the UNE retail, UNE, CRIS UNE for that 12-month period.

Q Please look at the last column on the right-hand side of the page labeled Z-Score Equity.

A Yes.

Q I noticed that there are a series of "yes" entries and a single "no" entry for January 2004. The January 2004 entry, that is for the UNE data from the CRIS system?

A Right.

Q Can you explain what the "yes" and "no" entries mean?

A Certainly. The equity means is it at parity? Did we meet their measurement? And for the only -- all the other yesses it means if you looked -- it's basically a -- you can do it manually by looking at the BST metric column and the CLEC metric column. If the CLEC metric column is below the BST metric column, then that would be a yes because we were better than the retail, better than or equal to or the same as.

And the only one where the CLEC metric is higher than the BST metric is in that January '04 CRIS UNE row: 4.69 versus 5.15. So that's why that's a no. It's basically are we at parity or are we not, yes or no?

Q Okay. Is the Z-score equity value the trigger for a Tier 1 SEEM penalty?

A I'm not sure that I'm in a position to answer that. I don't, I don't know if there's other factors that may play into, into whether we pay a penalty based on just a yes/no in one particular item or not. I don't know.

- Q Would you be able to explain how the Z-score equity value relates to the SEEM trigger?
 - A No, I would not.

- Q Do you believe that the issue is not really about parity with retail?
 - A Relative to payment due date?
- Q Yes. Issue 97, yes.

A Yeah. Well, if it was parity to retail, that's exactly what we're offering to the joint CLECs, the same billing payment due date that we offer to our retail customers. So it's basically the joint petitioners are wanting better than we offer to our retail customers. We expect our retail customers to pay their bill by the payment due date, which is on or before the next bill date at the latest. I mean, I think in some of the retail it may, we may even publish a payment due date that is sooner than the bill date.

But, again, I think what the joint petitioner is asking for is beyond what we, we offer our retail customers.

Q Because the performance metric for mean time to

deliver invoices is parity with retail, do you believe that meeting this metric may not necessarily meet the terms of a contract?

A If the contract required us to do better than we do for retail, yes, that could be the case. And that's what we're trying to avoid, having an obligation to do something beyond what we're obligated to do for our own retail customers.

0 What if it's worse?

A Then the SEEMs penalties will apply and we would pay penalties to account for that inferior -- or not meeting that measurement.

Q Okay. Thank you.

My next few questions deal with Issue 26, commingling. Please describe BellSouth's typical UNE copper loop that CLECs utilize under Section 251 and then under Section 271.

A An unbundled copper loop provided pursuant to 251 would be the loop from the main distribution frame to the end-user customer's premises as defined by the FCC for a loop, and it would be priced at TELRIC in accordance with the TELRIC pricing principles of 252.

A loop provided pursuant to 271, since it's a 251 obligation, it's basically the same, same loop. We don't really offer -- and I'm going to caveat all this based on the TRRO and how that's going to pull out high cap loops. I'm not

speaking of that. So I'm just speaking of basic copper loops,
DSO type loops that will still be provided.

We would offer that copper loop or DSO level loop in accordance with 251. It really wouldn't be purchased as a 271 element.

Q Are the rates, terms and conditions different for the 251 and 271 UNEs described, that you just described?

A Well, if a UNE is offered pursuant, has to be offered or we have an obligation to offer it pursuant to 251, it would be priced at TELRIC. If an element is no longer obligated, we no longer have an obligation to provide that element as a 251 element or UNE and we offer it only pursuant to 271, it would be priced not at TELRIC, at a market-based rate.

- Q If a CLEC has a voice grade DSO 251 UNE and a voice grade DSO 271 UNE, would BellSouth commingle the two DSOs at the CLEC's request?
 - A Not pursuant to the interconnection agreement.
- Q Would BellSouth allow the CLEC to commingle the DS0s using the CLEC's own equipment?

A We, we would provide the DSO loop. And I guess to make sure we're talking the right elements, if you will, the 251 DSO loop we could provide -- we would provide pursuant to the interconnection agreement. If they wanted a 271 switch port and we had a separate agreement for that switch port to provide that switch port pursuant to 271, it would be priced at

whatever the agreement contains. We, we could -- we'd deliver the UNE loop to their collo, as we're required to do, and whatever provisions we would have in the commercial agreement to deliver or to give them access to that switch port probably at their collo. So the obligations to terminate the UNE at their collo does not go away for the 251 element. And whatever is governed in the contract for that 271 switch port would, would govern and we'd deliver it wherever we agreed to deliver it so they could, they could combine it.

Q If the CLEC commingles it on its own initiative, how will BellSouth determine commingling has occurred?

A Well, we would have an agreement to provide that switch port or whatever, or whatever the rates and terms and conditions are for providing that 271 switch port, which would not be constrained or under the interconnection agreement. It would be a separate agreement to get a stand-alone switch port pursuant to 271. And then whatever -- however we would deliver that to them or give them access to that switch port would be governed by that 271 agreement or contract. And what they do with it or connect to it, they take one of our UNE loops and we terminate that to their collo space and then they cross-connect that to a switch port they're getting from us under 271, that would be how that could be facilitated. Again, I don't know all the operational ins and outs of all that, but, I mean, that would be one way to facilitate that.

But, again, the 271 switch port is outside the requirements of 251 and outside of this interconnection agreement.

Q Okay. In your opinion, is BellSouth obligated under Section 251 to provide the tandem intermediary function?

- A You're moving to Issue 65?
- O Yes.

- A Okay. Sorry.
- Q I'm sorry for not being more clear.
- A Okay. We have an obligation -- all, all carriers have an obligation to either directly or indirectly interconnect and we fulfill that obligation.

BellSouth doesn't believe it has an obligation to perform the transit function or perform a transit function at a TELRIC rate. We have agreed we would provide it, we just do not believe it should be -- it's not appropriate to be priced at TELRIC.

- Q Is it necessary for this Commission to set a TELRIC-compliant rate for the TIC?
 - A No. We would prefer you didn't.
 - Q Why is that?
- A Again, it's our opinion that the FCC and the Wireline Competition Bureau has found that the transit function is not something that should be, should be provided at TELRIC. And I think the, the jurisdiction of an interconnection agreement by

the Commission is, is pursuant to 251, 252 pricing. But if something is not obligated to be priced at TELRIC, then it should be up to the parties to negotiate and determine the appropriate market price.

- Q Excuse me for a moment.
 Where could that be found?
- A I'm sorry?

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Q Where can that be found? What order or other resource could we find that in?

A I believe in my testimony I cited to the Wireline Competition Bureau's Virginia arbitration order. Let me find it real quick. If I didn't, I should have. It may have been in my direct.

- O Ms. Blake --
- A Yes. I found it. It's in my direct testimony. It's really kind of -- Issue 63 and 65 are very intertwined, and it's cited to in my, under Issue 63 on Page 38 of my direct testimony.
- Q Is this testimony, this Virginia arbitration testimony, the only place that you can point to this?
- A I believe the Georgia Commission has also made a finding just in the last couple of weeks that transit function is not appropriate to be priced at TELRIC.
 - Q Okay. Do you have the docket number for that?
 - A I can --

1 MR. MEZA: We can give you that, the actual 2 transcript from that order as a late-filed, Kira. 3 MS. SCOTT: Okay. 4 MR. MEZA: That will be BellSouth Late-Filed 2; is 5 that right? 6 MS. SCOTT: Yes. Thank you. 7 (Late-Filed Exhibit 2 identified.) 8 BY MS. SCOTT: 9 Q Okay. Ms. Blake. 10 Yes. Α 11 0 What basis was used to develop the TIC? 12 Α What basis? Are you talking about a costing or 13 pricing basis? 14 Yes. 15 I'm not aware of any specific methodology that was 16 used. That was developed through our product management 17 organization within interconnection services. 18 Has BellSouth previously charged or attempted to 19 charge any of the petitioners the TIC? 20 Yes, we have. Well, as far as the joint Α 21 petitioners -- I know we have agreements in place with other 22 CLECs that have the TIC charge in them. 23 Okay. Do you -- would you happen to know when and at 24 what rate? 25 Α When and at what rate with the joint petitioners or

with other CLECs?

Q The joint petitioners.

A I kind of took back my -- whether we had billed the joint petitioners for that or they have agreed to that or not in the past. I don't believe they have in all the states.

There may be -- I'm getting confused because I'm thinking there was a couple of states that we had a rate in the standard agreement, and I don't believe those joint petitioners -- they may or may not have had that. I'm not familiar enough.

Q What about with the other CLECs?

A There's several agreements that have a TIC rate, if you will, in their interconnection agreement and -- executed interconnection agreement. I don't know specifically for Florida, but I have seen some data for a couple of other states that have a number, 20, 30, that have that rate in there.

Q Okay. I would like to pose a hypothetical for you.

Assume that one of the petitioners hands off traffic, hands off traffic to BellSouth at the tandem, which BellSouth then hands off to a wireless carrier, the traffic being three minutes in length. Under the parties' current interconnection agreement what charges would be assessed?

A Their current agreement or the proposed agreement?

I'm sorry.

- Q The current agreement.
- A And I'll predicate this answer on if their current

1 contract does not contain a TIC charge, I believe the rates 2 that would be would be tandem switching and transport, if 3 there's transport to that wireless carrier. Okay. What specific elements and rates would apply 4 0 5 to this scenario? It would be set forth in their Attachment 3, I 6 believe it's tandem switching and transport, if there's 7 8 transport involved in that hand-off to that carrier. 9 Q Now under your proposal in this docket what charges would be assessed? 10 11 The tandem and the transport and the TIC charge. 12 And what specific elements and rates would apply to 13 this scenario? 14 Well, the tandem and the transport would be the Commission-ordered TELRIC rates. The TIC charge would be, I 15 16 believe we proposed a .0015. Okay. Now I'm going to ask you several questions 17 18 dealing with Item 100. 19 Α Okay. 20 If you could please get out your rebuttal testimony and turn to Page 47. 21 I'm there. 22

Q Lines 12 through 13.

A Okay.

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Q It's really just a reference point for you actually.

There's nothing that you need to read.

You stated there, nondisputed charges are due by the payment due date. Is that correct?

A Yes.

Q Okay. Now please refer to Attachment 7, Section 2, Billing Disputes, of the proposed interconnection agreement.

A Hang on. I've got it right here. Hold on. Wrong one. I'm sorry.

What page again, section?

- Q Oh, Attachment 7, Section 2, Billing Disputes.
- A Okay.
- Q Specifically 2.1.1, which speaks of confirmation of the receipt of a dispute.
 - A Yes.
- Q Does this confirmation indicate whether the dispute was acknowledged as a procedurally valid dispute?
- A I think if you look at 212 in the next paragraph, it talks about all valid disputes as defined in 2.3 below. I think that's where the parties have agreed what a valid dispute is, if there is.
- Q When do they find out when their dispute has been accepted as valid?
- A I believe we've got to respond within three days because -- I'm just reading through this stuff. Give me one second, please.

Q No problem.

A Down in para -- Section 215, we would endeavor to resolve their dispute within 60 days of the notification date. So once they notify us they've got a dispute, it's treated as a disputed charge. So the fact that they've reported it and submitted it as a dispute until we either respond back that it's a valid dispute and we're going to adjust it or it's not a valid dispute and they've got to pay it, it's still in the disputed category and, as such, would be excluded from our suspension notice or we would not expect payment of disputed charges.

Q Okay. From the time a procedurally valid bill dispute is received, how long does it take BellSouth to post the disputed amount to the proper account?

A I'm not versed enough in the details of the timing of those. I guess if we notify them it's a valid dispute, we'd work the adjustment and their credit would appear on their next bill. Those type of processes are typical for all of our customers. As far as the timing, I don't have the details of how long that takes. Again, I think it's consistent with the language that's in this agreement that the parties have agreed upon, and there's no dispute about the dispute resolution or the billing dispute process.

Q Okay. Please give me a moment.

(Discussion held off the record.)

BY MS. SCOTT:

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- Q Okay. Ms. Blake?
- A Yes.
- Q After informing BellSouth of a dispute, how many days does it take to be posted on the account so that the payment for that amount is not expected by the due date?

A I don't know the specific timing of that. Our systems would acknowledge that dispute and any notice we would send out. And as I discussed in my testimony, down about Line 20, that same page, 47, our billing systems, CRIS and CABS, acknowledge a pending dispute that's been submitted electronically through the billing dispute process as outlined in the contract. So it would -- we'd have the knowledge the dispute has been submitted and it's in something, a charge or a rate or an amount is in dispute. And so, therefore, any notice we would send out after the payment due date has passed would take into account those disputed amounts and back those out of the amount we are expecting payment.

Timing wise, I don't know. When we send a notice after the payment due date has lapsed, we include information in that notice as to, you know, here's the amount we originally billed you. You know, here's an amount that represents disputes we have on file, and then this is the amount you have to pay within 15 days to avoid suspension. That is clearly laid out in the information sent with the notice. So the CLEC

would know here's all the disputes that BellSouth is acknowledging. If they happen to submit one the day before the note is sent out, it obviously may not be in that notice that says the total amount to be paid. So -- but I would think the CLEC should have the intelligence to know, well, I just submitted this dispute. They could call our office if they wanted to verify that again, but we would not expect payment of disputed charges.

Q Okay. Now would you please refer to Page 47, Lines 20 through 24.

A Okay.

Q Why did BellSouth modify its collection process to handle the notices for the integrated billing system the same as the notices for the carrier access billing system?

A This gets back to just a little bit what I was just talking about. Previously in our integrated billing system we just, on the payment due date we sent -- when the payment due date passed, we would send a notice that says, we haven't gotten your payment. And it could likely, most cases would have just reflected the total amount that was on their original bill and didn't account for any disputes that had been entered into the system. And previously -- in CABS in the converse we did that. We, we took account of all disputes pending, backed those out of the amount due and said, okay, you owe us this, this amount, which was reflective of all the undisputed

charges. So we basically changed our collection process and we sent a carrier notice out early February indicating that those treatment notices would be reflective or net, if you will, of any pending disputes.

Q Was that changed nationwide -- I mean, region wide? Excuse me.

A Yes, it was.

Q When BellSouth receives a payment from one of the joint petitioners, how long does it take BellSouth to post the payment to the proper account?

A I'm not familiar with the details of the timing of that. I believe a lot of these joint petitioners wire transfer money, so we'd get it the day -- it would be entered in the day we -- you know, instantaneous, if you will, from the bank transfer.

Again, I don't think the issue of when a payment is received is at dispute between the parties is considered -- payment is considered made when the party receives it. I mean, that's not a disputed section of the contract.

- Q Okay. Please refer now to Exhibit KKB-2.
- A Okay. I'm there.
- Q According to your example, the notice states an amount that must be paid and a notice due date for the March 1st bill; correct?
 - A Correct.

Q Is a 15-day notice also sent for the March 2nd and March 4th bills if they're not paid by their respective due dates?

A Yes.

Q Do the notices for the March 2nd and March 4th bills also include a 15-day due date?

A They would just because they're systematically generated and the system wouldn't know that the other previous first billed invoice had not been paid. So it's triggered systematically by our billing systems on the past due -- when the payment due date passes.

So, yes, it would be reflective of -- for that particular account, like in this example on the 2nd, it would reflect \$500 is due, representing undisputed amounts, is due or has become past due and, therefore, we're going to notice you that you're in risk of suspension of LENS or your OSS access.

Q If a bill dated March 14th with a due date of
April 14th was not paid by April 14th, would that bill have to
be paid by April 16th to avoid suspension of ordering systems?

A That bill should have actually been paid by

April 14th; however, the notice would go out on the 14th

indicating that we had not received your payment and we would

expect payment of nondisputed -- if you still haven't paid the

first billed period and you got that notice, we would expect

payment of all the past due amounts, undisputed past due

amounts that became due.

Q Excuse me for a moment.

Ms. Blake, what would the due date say on the notice or the notice due date?

A The notice would be triggered on the payment due date, say on the 1st of April we'd generate the notice, suspension notice that would say we haven't received your payment, please pay. And it would have a file attached to it, if you will, that would indicate, you know, these are the amounts that are due, you know, net of any disputed amounts. And it would say to avoid suspension of provisioning additional orders or basically access to their OSS systems, submitting any orders or order activity, pay these charges by 15 days after the 1st or the 16th.

And then it also in that same notice says, if you don't do that, then you're subject to the complete termination within 30 days of the, of April 1st.

Q Okay. Now in reading the proposed BellSouth language in Item 100 would it be correct to say that the CLECs would have to pay past due amounts in addition to those specified in a notice in order to avoid suspension or termination?

A Yes. I mean, that's, that's the intent of our language is -- I mean, the intent is for the CLEC to pay their bill by the payment due date, that's the first desire, and avoid all of this.

However, if they have not done so and we send, and we put them, their account into treatment, if you will, then if they're slow paying or haven't paid that first bill cycle, then we need to make sure they're not in a perpetual, you know, always paying on, by the notice. I mean, the notice is not their bill. Their bill tells them when the payment is due. The notice is to say we haven't gotten your payment, you know, and we need to, you know, make sure we're going to get our money, and not be, you know, at risk for not getting paid for those charges.

Q Would it be correct to say that CLECs would have to calculate the total past due amount taking into account procedurally valid disputes of payments and partial payments to avoid suspension or termination?

A Not necessarily. That notice -- I mean, they'll get a notice for all these bill cycles where the payment due date has passed. It will be net of any disputes that have been posted. Again, like I said, if they file a dispute three days before the end of the payment due date and maybe it didn't get in there, reflected in the notice, I mean, they should have that intelligence to know, well, I just filed a dispute for, you know, \$200, so I need to back that out and pay that net.

Again, this should be a normal business practice for a CLEC managing their financials and understanding, you know, their accounts receivables, accounts payables of what they've

got to keep their account current. And, again, our, our collection centers talk daily, multiple times daily sometimes from some information I've seen with these joint petitioners' billing contact people on a first-name basis. And, I mean, we, we deal with them. They call us and say, you know, is this the right amount or how much, and we very much willingly work with them. But, again, I think this whole process of not requiring them to pay undisputed charges results in perpetuating slow pay or delayed pay.

Q Do all of the joint petitioners' current interconnection agreements with BellSouth have the language proposed by BellSouth in Item 100?

A Without looking exactly at each of their current agreements, I don't recall off the top of my head. I know that our, the intent of our standard is for all CLECs to pay or all of our customers to pay their past due amounts in order to avoid suspension. I mean, it's really no different than we do for our retail customers. If you've got five accounts with us and one of them is, you know, past due and then another one becomes past due, we want to get all of your accounts current and out of the past due state before we continue to extend credit to you, if you will.

To answer your original question, without looking at the specific sections of their, to each of the joint petitioner's Attachment 7 relative to this, but I know that is

our standard position and I would be surprised if it wasn't in there.

Q I would like you now to refer to Page 163, Lines
9 through 10 of the transcript, the hearing transcript in North
Carolina.

A Okay. I'm there.

Q Okay. I believe that's where BellSouth Witness
Morillo states, "We have never suspended your clients for
nonpayment," and the same witness's Florida direct testimony on
Page 9, Lines 7 through 9, where he asserts, "Often after
receipt of a notice of past due charges the parties will enter
into discussions related to payment arrangements in an effort
to resolve the issue without the need for suspension or
termination."

My first question to you is do you agree that these statements indicate BellSouth has worked with the petitioners when payments are past due and has never suspended or terminated service to them?

A Yeah, I would agree with that. We do work very closely, as I mentioned, sometimes daily, multiple times daily talking with these joint petitioners' billing centers about these matters and trying to work with them. I mean, it takes a lot to suspend as far as work effort and stuff. And if we can get terms and conditions or terms set up, payment terms made that's agreeable to both parties, that's what we want to do,

and we work with them definitely.

Q How does the petitioners' proposal for an individual notice for each past due bill constitute, quote, a self-serving attempt to extend the payment due date by at least 15 days? I believe that's a quote from your rebuttal testimony.

Exhibit KKB-1 kind of as the example there, and this reflects obviously what BellSouth's language supports, but if you kind of visually change this to be with the joint petitioners, on that second we would have sent the notice for the past due amount on the first bill period, bill date, and then the about \$500 resulting from the invoice with the bill date of the second, we'd send that on the 2nd of April.

What they want to do is, you know, out here on the 16th of April, okay, we'll pay that one by that date, and then on the 4th, they'll pay that by the 20th of April, and you just have this perpetual, each, each account in essence has an extra 15 days to pay. And it should be that they pay their bill by the payment due date. And if they haven't done that, then they're basically in a collection status and we need to collect our monies for all of the past due, outstanding past due undisputed amounts.

MS. SCOTT: Okay. Ms. Blake, I have no further questions.

Jim, I guess we need to talk about when the

1 late-filed exhibits should be due. 2 MR. MEZA: Yes. We can get you the transcript rather Regarding the proposed language, it could be more 3 quickly. 4 time consuming because we have to talk to, you know, our 5 negotiators and stuff. So would a week be okay? 6 MS. SCOTT: Okay. Would March 7th be reasonable? 7 MR. MEZA: Sure. 8 MS. SCOTT: Okay. Well, I guess that's all. 9 MR. MEZA: Yeah. Just for the record, I have no 10 redirect. 11 MS. SCOTT: Okay. Thank you for your time, Ms. Blake. 12 13 (Deposition concluded at 12:00 p.m.) 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

ERRATA SHEET DO NOT WRITE ON TRANSCRIPT - ENTER CHANGES HERE IN RE: DOCKET NO. 040130-TP NAME: KATHY BLAKE DATE: February 25, 2005 PAGE LINE CHANGE Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have read my deposition and that it is true and correct subject to any changes in form or substance entered here.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

KATHY BLAKE

DATE

1	STATE OF FLORIDA)
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER COUNTY OF LEON)
3	T LINDA DOLEG DDD Official DDGG Gameiraian Dana i
4	I, LINDA BOLES, RPR, Official FPSC Commission Reporter, do hereby certify that I was authorized to and did stenographically report the foregoing deposition at the time
5	and place herein stated.
6	I FURTHER CERTIFY that this transcript, consisting of 49 pages, constitutes a true record of the testimony given by the
7	witness.
8	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative
9	or employee of any of the parties' attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in
10	the action.
11	DATED THIS DAY OF MARCH, 2005.
12	LINDA BOLES, RPR
13	Officiál FPSC Hearings Reporter 850/413-6734
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AFFIDAVIT

By my signature below, I, <u>Kathy K. Blake</u>, attest to the accuracy of the information contained herein and the attached documents. I have reviewed the foregoing and declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the information is true and correct.

Further, I am aware that, pursuant to Chapter 837.06, Florida Statutes, "Whoever knowingly makes a false statement in writing with the intent to mislead a public servant in the performance of his official duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 and s. 775.083."

4.11 N. Pa. L.

Kathy K. Blake	Kathy K. Blake
Print Name	Signature
DIRECTOR – REGULATORY POL	ICY 2/25/05
Title Title	Date
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Telephone No.	Fax No.
BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	·
Utility	
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Atlanta, GA 303	375
STATE OF <u>Georgia</u>	
COUNTY OFFulton	_
Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed balake.	pefore me this <u>25th</u> day of <u>February</u> , 2005, by <u>Kathy K</u>
	Brand & Saughter
	(Signature of Notary Public Brenda S. Slaughter
(NCTARY SEAL)	Notary Public, Rockdale County, Georgia My Commission Expires July 29, 2006
·	(Name of Notary Typed, Printed, or Stamped)
Personally Known X OR Produce	d Identification Type of Identification

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. Florida Public Service Commission Docket No. 040130-TP Late-Filed Deposition Exhibit of Kathy K. Blake Exhibit No. 1 Page 1 of 1

REOUEST:

On page 37, lines 1-4 of Witness Blake's rebuttal testimony, Ms. Blake states "Naturally, there is room for negotiation as to the specific start date and time, and BellSouth will certainly consider extenuating circumstances that may not permit a CLEC to be ready within 30 days." What language, if any, is BellSouth willing to consider addressing the flexibility regarding the start date of an EELs audit?

RESPONSE: There is no dispute between the Parties that the audit shall commence no sooner than 30 days after the Notice of Audit is sent to the CLEC. Specifically, the issue in dispute centers around what information and documentation should be included in the Notice of Audit, not the date upon which the audit will commence. Thus, specific contract language addressing a flexible audit start date is not necessary and may result in the improper expansion of the arbitration issue if it is included. Nevertheless, BellSouth stands by Ms. Blake's testimony in the situations described above.

PROVIDED BY: Kathy Blake BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.
Florida Public Service Commission
Docket No. 040130-TP
Late-Filed Deposition Exhibit of Kathy K. Blake
Exhibit No. 2
Page 1 of 1

REQUEST: Please provide a copy of the transcript from the Georgia PSC's

Administrative Session regarding the Transit Traffic proceeding (Docket No. 16772-U) in which the GPSC decided that TELRIC is not the appropriate pricing methodology to be utilized in determining the rates for

Transit Traffic.

RESPONSE: See Attached. Discussions regarding the Transit Traffic issue are

contained on pages 2-9.

PROVIDED BY: Kathy Blake

BEFORE THE GEORGIA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

ADMINISTRATIVE SESSION

Hearing Room 110 244 Washington Street Atlanta, Georgia

Tuesday, February 1, 2005

The administrative session was called to order at 10:02 a.m., pursuant to Notice.

PRESENT WERE:

ANGELA E. SPEIR, Chairman ROBERT B. BAKER, JR., Vice Chairman STAN WISE, Commissioner H. DOUG EVERETT, Vice Chairman DAVID BURGESS, Commissioner

> Brandenburg & Hasty 435 Cheek Road Monroe. Georgia 30655

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PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Ladies and gentlemen, we're going to go ahead and get started, in the absence of our court reporter. The session is being recorded, so I'm assured that our court reporter will be here expeditiously and that she or he will have no problem in transcribing everything from the recording, so we'll go ahead and get started.

This is the February 1, 2005 administrative session of the Public Service Commission and we will turn our attention first to the Utility consent agenda.

Would any Commissioner like any item held or moved to the regular agenda?

(No response.)

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Hearing no such request, all in favor, say aye.

COMMISSIONER WISE: Aye.

COMMISSIONER EVERETT: Aye.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Aye.

VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Aye.

COMMISSIONER BURGESS: Aye.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: The consent agenda is approved unanimously.

We will move on now to our regular agenda and take up item R-1.

MR. BOWLES: R-1 is 16772-U BellSouth

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Telecommunications, Inc. petition for declaratory ruling regarding transit traffic. This is consideration of staff's recommendation.

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Staff recommends approval of the recommendation that was brought forth at Communications Committee.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: All right, we've heard staff's recommendation. Any Commissioner have any comments, any questions?

COMMISSIONER WISE: Commissioners, I have an amendment to staff's recommendation.

I'm going to move that the section of staff -- I believe it's 6, Mr. Bowles, that addresses the point of interconnection on the network, be modified to require that the originating carrier be responsible for paying any transit traffic fees and that BellSouth shall not bill terminating carriers for such fees.

Certainly I realize that (inaudible) the Texcom case and what the FCC may or may not do, but certainly it is appropriate and one that's happened all over this country, not that we're bound by what happens in 49 other states. But it is appropriate, pending an FCC decision contrary to this or being modified, that we can do so at that time.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: All right, we've heard Commissioner Wise's amendment, motion to amend staff's recommendation.

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1	Tara in the	All in favor, say aye.
2		COMMISSIONER WISE: Aye.
3	·	COMMISSIONER EVERETT: Aye.
4	t year to be a con-	VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Aye.
5	: :	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Voting in favor: Commissioners
6	Baker, Ev	erett and Wise.
7:	4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Any opposed?
8		COMMISSIONER BURGESS: No.
9.		CHAIRMAN SPEIR: No.
LO		Opposed: Commissioners Burgess and Speir.
11	4 -1	COMMISSIONER BURGESS: If I could, I'd like to
12	make some	comments on the motion that just passed.
١3	* *	First of all, let me say this, I think it's
14	important	to realize that this Commission has probably been
15	one of th	e most pro-competitive commissions in the United
16	States in	regards to settling issues between incumbent LECs
17	and compe	ting LECs across the nation. And I think this
18	Commissio	n, where it has had discretion from FCC orders or
19	the '96 T	elecom Act, this Commission has erred on the side
20	of compet	ition: Park and a second secon
21		Clearly in this case, you know, while there is not
22	definitiv	e word out of the FCC on this issue, there are two
23	guiding o	rders I believe that in my mind suggest to me the
24	direction	that the FCC may ultimately go. And I don't know

the final answer.

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But when I read the Texcom order, it's the closest thing to what is out there now that resembles the situation that is before us. That order -- in that order -- I think we need to be plain here -- that was a request from Texcom, who was a CMRS provider that was being charged by Verizon for transit fees for calls transitioning their network, and they filed a complaint with the FCC telling -- asking the FCC to grant them relief and that they not have to pay those transit fees.

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You can read what you want to read in that Texcom order, but the bottom line is the FCC denied Texcom's petition. They did not grant the relief that Texcom asked for. They found, clearly found, that Texcom was responsible for paying those costs and added in the order on reconsideration that if Texcom wanted to recoup those costs, they do it through a traditional reciprocal compensation agreement. That's plain as you can get. At the end of the day, parties — they pull excerpts out of that order that are favorable to the position that was held by certain parties, but at the end of the day, make no mistake about it, the FCC did not grant the relief that Texcom asked for.

And they came back on reconsideration and reiterated in their decision on reconsideration this covers a situation where you've got three parties involved in the transfer of traffic and specifically the same arguments that

Texcom raised in their initial petition, the FCC again denied the relief that they sought, which was to find that they should not be liable for paying those charges.

You know, we've got the right to do what we think is right here, but clearly the way I read those orders and the fact that the FCC did not grant the relief that was asked by the complainant for a case that is the premier case that lays out the situation that we ultimately will deal with here at the Public Service Commission, it's hard for me, Commissioner Wise, with all due respect, to support your motion. With all deference, I'm not perfect, I don't know it all, but I think that at the end of the day, it's going to be hard for the FCC to come back with another position when clearly they've got a case before them that they've already decided and have considered for reconsideration and denied the relief sought by the plaintiff.

COMMISSIONER WISE: Commissioners, we've taken opportunity to disagree with our federal brethren on a number of occasions and this is one that I would think that we recognize the significance that Texcom is a messaging company and not the bigger picture of what we're talking about here. And I believe that ultimately, once the FCC weighs the impact of the fact that it is a messaging company and not the big picture, that this is an innocuous case, then I think that we will see a more reasoned and cost-

causer principle applied to how costs are recovered from those that cause them.

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And if this Commission is wrong, then we ultimately have an opportunity to correct that and not change the trend that we have seen from this Commission in 4906.

mean Madam Chair -- I have another motion to offer on this docket dealing with the pricing issue.

I think clearly the Virginia arbitration decision found, and subsequent decisions have been found by other state commissions, that TELRIC is not the appropriate pricing methodology to be utilized in determining what these transit fees should be.

Contained in the memorandum of understanding is a rate of 2.5 cents per minute, that is a market rate, quote-unquote. My only problem with the rate is -- that's in the MOU -- it's a rate that was proposed by two parties and neither one of those parties at the end of the day have to pay that rate.

So I think in a sense of fairness, I would ask that this Commission make this rate subject to true-up and an interim rate, and that this Commission will schedule a proceeding to take in evidence and establish a rate that is just and reasonable based on this Commission's standards and

1 not on a rate that two parties who don't have to pay the 2 rate have agreed to. I just think out of a sense of 3 fairness and completeness for this case, that that would be the appropriate thing to do. CHAIRMAN SPEIR: All right, so we've heard 5 б Commissioner Burgess' motion in regard to having an 7 evidentiary proceeding to establish a just and reasonable rate, for there to be a true-up and for this rate proposed 8 9 by staff or proposed by the parties -- pardon me -- proposed 10 by the parties in the memorandum of understanding, would be 11 an intermediate rate. 12 Are there any other comments or questions before we take up Commissioner Burgess' motion? 13 14 (No response.) CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Hearing no further questions, all 15 in favor of Commissioner Burgess' motion, say aye. 16 17 COMMISSIONER WISE: Aye. COMMISSIONER EVERETT: Aye. 18 19 CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Aye. 20 VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Aye. COMMISSIONER BURGESS: Aye. 21 CHAIRMAN SPEIR: I believe the vote was unanimous. 22 23 All right, thank you, Mr. Bowles. 24 VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Madam Chairman, since we

have approved these two amendments to staff's

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1	recommendation, then
2	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Then we should vote on staff's
3	recommendation.
4	VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: As amended.
5	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Yes. Thank you, Commissioner
6	Baker.
7	Therefore, we would take up the vote on staff's
8	recommendation as amended by Commissioner Wise's motion and
9	Commissioner Burgess' motion.
.0	All in favor, say aye.
.1	COMMISSIONER WISE: Aye.
.2	COMMISSIONER EVERETT: Aye.
.3	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Aye.
.4	VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Aye.
15	COMMISSIONER BURGESS: Aye.
16	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: The vote is unanimous. Thank
17	you, Mr. Bowles.
18	Moving on to item R-2.
.9	MS. MCGOUGHY: Item R-2 is Docket Number 9205-0
20	consideration of staff's request for approval to issue a
21	Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to Amend Disconnection Rule
22	515-3-302(b) and 515-3-307.
23	On December 21, 2004, the Commission voted to
24	approve the second issuance of a Notice of Proposed
25	Rulemaking to amend Commission Rule 515-3-302(b) and 515-

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3-3-.07. Georgia Natural Gas, ESPA, Southern Company Gas and SCANA Energy filed comments that were due by January 20.

Staff is requesting that the Commission approve reissuance of this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to make a minor modification to the version that was released previously. Staff recommends that the Commission approve the issuance of the NOPR with comments due by March 3, 2005.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Thank you, Ms. McGoughy.

We've heard staff's recommendation on item R-2.

Any Commissioner have any questions or motions at this time?

COMMISSIONER BURGESS: I've got just a comment.

While I'm going to support the staff's recommendation, I do
believe that Mr. Skipper, attorney for SCANA, raised a point
at the Energy Committee that I would be interested in
parties' responses to in responding to this NOPR regarding
the timing of the notice of payment arrangements to be
submitted.

I've had some further explanations from staff on the issue, which I'm pleased to hear, but I think it would be appropriate for parties to respond to the concern that Mr. Skipper raised at the Energy Committee, because I think it is a legitimate concern in making sure that our rule does not go beyond the requirements of the law and does not conflict with the law. But I'm going to support the issuance of the NOPR.

COMMISSIONER EVERETT: I will support the NOPR also, but I'm wondering myself -- this I believe hurts SCANA more than anybody and I believe it's because of them being the regulated provided for us.

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I'm wondering if maybe a lot of this, what you're trying to do -- and I don't like the term minor because to me this is more than minor -- that this could be handled through the RFP when the next regulated provider comes about in August, and not change the rules for everybody.

As I said earlier, last Thursday, I would like to see us stop regulating a deregulated industry. I believe this can be handled other ways than what we're doing here.

I don't know how many people we're actually talking about on this, but I'm going to go ahead and support the NOPR, but I too was concerned about what Mr. Skipper stated, and I'm also concerned about us continuing to change constantly regulations on a deregulated industry.

But I'm going to listen to what y'all have to say.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: If there are no further comments,
we'll vote on staff's recommendation on item R-2. All in
favor, say aye.

COMMISSIONER WISE: Aye.

COMMISSIONER EVERETT: Aye.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Aye.

VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Aye.

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COMMISSIONER BURGESS: Aye.

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CHAIRMAN SPEIR: It's approved unanimously.

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Moving on to item R-3.

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COMMISSIONER BURGESS: I would like to request that this item be held. I mean I've seen four or five, six

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different e-mails flash before my computer this morning up

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to walking down here, and I'm just not ready to vote on the

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item this morning. You're trying to listen to e-mails of

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parties disputing issues and I'm just not comfortable with a

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vote on the item this morning.

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COMMISSIONER WISE: Let me suggest something, Commissioner, because I'm probably responsible for one of

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those e-mails late yesterday afternoon. I think it's more than six, I think just yesterday's was probably closer to

company and staff and GasKey would meet, with a strong

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ten.

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I think that part of this could be resolved if the

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urging from this Commission, that a payment schedule be worked out for this season only, and that I would hope that we would have a report in 48 hours, say by Thursday morning at 10:00 a.m. with the intent that a special admin could be declared for early next week, again with the intention of approving this tariff with a strong agreement from either

staff or parties if they could reach this agreement, to a

payment schedule and how this process would work.

You know, you've asked this to be held, Commissioner. I don't know if a motion to that effect is appropriate, but I will move that, that parties and staff give a report to this Commission in 48 hours on a payment schedule. CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Commissioner Burgess, I suppose that since you asked that the item be held first, before we take up Commissioner Wise's motion, are you agreeable with proceeding in that fashion? COMMISSIONER BURGESS: Well, I don't think we need a motion. I think a directive to have the parties meet and reply back to this Commission in 48 hours --COMMISSIONER WISE: A ruling of the Chair, I have no objection. -- yeah, I think it's been COMMISSIONER BURGESS: said. CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Okay, well, Ms. Thebert, what we will do is officially hold this item and proceed accordingly, given the directive from Commissioner Wise and agreed upon by the Commission. Thank you very much. Moving on to item R-4. MR. STAIR: Commissioners, good morning. Item R-4 is Docket Number 18638-U Atlanta Gas Light Company's 2004-2005 rate case. Consideration of AGLC's petition for

rehearing, reconsideration and oral argument concerning the

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24 25 Commission's January 18, 2005 order on SCANA Energy
Marketing's motion to compel.

At the most recent administrative session held on January 18, the Commission issued an order granting in part and denying in part a motion to compel by SCANA Energy Marketing. You'll recall that SCANA filed 36 data requests in November of 2004 and that AGLC objected to 24 of those 36 data requests in its December 27th response.

In your January 18 order, the Commission denied SCANA's motion with respect to 19 of those disputed data requests, but ordered AGLC to provide full and complete responses to five data requests relating to the company's asset management arrangement with Sequent Energy Management, with those responses to be filed no later than January 21.

On January 25th, AGLC filed a petition for rehearing, reconsideration and oral argument. In that petition, the company raised three procedural objections as well as a number of substantive objections to SCANA's data request.

The advisory staff has provided you with its recommendation in the form of a proposed order denying AGLC's petition, and I'll be happy to provide as much detail as you wish regarding that order, or answer any questions you may have.

I think it's worth noting, however, briefly the

basis upon which advisory staff is recommending that the Commission reject the substantive objections to SCANA's data requests that AGLC raises in its petition. As I said, the data requests were filed by SCANA in November of 2004 and AGLC filed its responses and initial objection in a timely manner on December 27th. Now in that December 27th response, AGLC raised but one single objection to the data requests, that those data requests were not reasonably calculated to lead to discovery of admissible evidence.

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The Commission considered that objection in its

January 18, 2005 order and found that five of SCANA's data

requests were in fact relevant and designed to lead to the

discovery of admissible evidence. Having reviewed the

Commission's order, AGLC filed its petition in which it

raised new objections to the data requests. For example, in

its petition, the company objects that the data requests at

issue are over-broad, unduly burdensome, vague and seek

confidential information. As the company chose not to raise

these objections in a timely manner when it filed its

responses in December, it has now waived the right to raise

those objections at this time.

Commissioners, having made that recommendation,

I'd like to note that the staff has had an opportunity to

meet with representatives of AGLC who have indicated a

willingness to meet with SCANA to try to resolve these

discovery disputes without the imposition of an order by the Commission. As a result, staff would have no objection should the Commission choose to hold the item for two weeks to allow the parties an opportunity to try to resolve these discovery disputes, since at the end of the day this is in fact a dispute between two other parties.

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24° I'll be happy to answer any questions that you might have.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Thank you, Mr. Stair.

VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: I guess a procedural question, Mr. Stair, is that if the Commission rules today either way, I mean then AGL, if it doesn't get what it wants, it can always then go across the street to Fulton Superior Court. We do have the pending rate case and these discovery requests are made pursuant to that rate proceeding. And I've got a feeling that unless the company gets precisely what they want, they're going to appeal this all the way to the Supreme Court. So it takes awhile to do that.

I mean, could we make a decision today and the parties can always continue to negotiate a settlement.

MR. STAIR: Yes, certainly. Should the Commission decide to issue an order today, whether accepting or rejecting the advisory staff's recommendation, the parties could still meet to negotiate. Obviously, as you said,

Commissioner Baker, there has been an indication that the company may well appeal if the decision is not favorable to them and obviously, you know, a decision adverse to them would probably make it less -- perhaps make it less likely that the parties would want to negotiate.

But again, you know, as I said, I've had an opportunity to speak with the company and they've indicated their willingness, and certainly would leave that to the Commission as to whether they wanted to issue the order today or hold the item to allow them to negotiate.

COMMISSIONER EVERETT: When you said party, I did not hear "s", are you talking that both parties have agreed or just AGL?

MR. STAIR: Commissioner, I've not had an opportunity to speak with SCANA. You know, this item was added at the last minute. I met with -- the representatives of the company came by this morning and I've just not had an opportunity to speak with SCANA to ask if they would be willing to negotiate.

COMMISSIONER BURGESS: I don't know, just from my perspective, from my understanding, AGL has responded to the request. It might not be the answers that SCANA wants but they've complied with the order of the Commission. And my question is, is the motion for reconsideration procedurally kind of ahead of the game. I mean they did respond.

So isn't the impetus on

MR. STAIR: They did respond, that's correct.

SCANA or somebody to come forward and say well, these responses are inadequate or we didn't get answers we wanted?

I mean, it would have been different if they filed a motion for reconsideration and did not comply with the Commission

7 | and send any responses, wouldn't it?

COMMISSIONER BURGESS:

MR. STAIR: Well, in your order of the 18th of

January, you ordered the company to file complete responses

to five data requests. The company has responded to one of

those, so there are four left at issue. The company has not

completely responded. In other words, they've not said all

right, fine, you asked for this data, here it is. With

respect to two of the requests, what the company has said is

we are willing to provide you that information if SCANA

signs the confidentiality agreement; and as you heard, I

believe Thursday at Energy Committee and then as SCANA also

pointed out in their response, they have some issues with

respect to the terms of that confidentiality agreement.

With respect to the remaining two, the company has said we don't think we need to respond to that because we don't believe it leads to -- it's not relevant to this case, notwithstanding the fact they've filed affidavits of officers of the company that they believe would show that the issues are not relevant and also, as I said, have

 offered to provide an officer of the company to meet with SCANA to try to convince SCANA of the fact that you don't need the information because it's not relevant. So I guess it's not completely accurate to say that the company has fully complied. They have made an effort to comply, there's no question about that. But the reason why they're — what they're asking in their motion for reconsideration — a couple of things — one, to say these issues — the data requests are not designed to lead to discoverable evidence or in the alternative to say what AGL has done is acceptable and has in fact complied with your order.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Any further comment before we take up staff's recommendation?

(No response.)

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: All right.

VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: And precisely what is your recommendation again, to hold it or --

MR. STAIR: No, the recommendation remains as set forth in --

VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Deny the motion for reconsideration.

MR. STAIR: Correct. And simply left to the Commission the alternative -- staff would not have any objection obviously if the Commission would decide you wanted to give another couple of week, put this on the

1	agenda for the next time and see if the parties could
2	resolve it. We have no objection to that and staff would be
3	happy to work with the companies to try to facilitate that
4	if that's your desire.
5	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: After all this discussion, I feel
6	like we've already held it.
7	VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: I'll call the question.
8-:	Staff has made a recommendation to deny the motion
· 9 .	for reconsideration. I call the question.
10	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: So all in favor of staff's
11	recommendation to deny reconsideration Commissioner
12	Baker?
13	VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Yes.
14	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Okay, just to be clear.
15	All right, all in favor of approving staff's
16	recommendation to deny reconsideration, say aye.
17	COMMISSIONER EVERETT: Aye
18	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Aye.
19	VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Aye.
20	COMMISSIONER BURGESS: Aye.
21	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Any opposed?
22	COMMISSIONER WISE: Aye.
23	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: All right. Voting in favor, we
24:	have Commissioners Burgess, Baker, Speir and Everett.
25	Opposed: Commissioner Wise.

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Moving on to item R-5.

MS. PERRY: Item R-5 is Docket Number 20139-U, it's consideration of BellSouth Telecommunications' request for waiver of North American Numbering Plan's denial of its application for numbering resources in the Atlanta northeast 678 rate center.

The need for this matter to be considered today arose because approximately 50 BellSouth customers are experiencing problems with telephone numbers assigned to them in the Atlanta northeast rate center. Although the BellSouth Telecorder number assignment system shows this block as belonging to BellSouth, NeuStar's system shows the block as unassigned; and therefore, they are requiring BellSouth to apply to this Commission for a waiver before changing their system to release this block to BellSouth.

Via telephone with NeuStar, they did verify that in their database, it shows that this block belongs to BellSouth. Therefore the staff is recommending that this Commission direct the North American Numbering Plan Administration to release the 678-245-8 code to BellSouth.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: All right, we've heard staff's recommendation. Does any Commissioner have any questions, comments, motions to be made?

COMMISSIONER BURGESS: I just want to say that this is service affecting to some subscribers right now and

1 would urge the Commission to approve the request. CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Yes. All in favor of approving 2 staff's recommendation, say aye. COMMISSIONER WISE: Aye. COMMISSIONER EVERETT: Aye. 6 CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Aye. 7 VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Aye. 8 COMMISSIONER BURGESS: Aye. 9 CHAIRMAN SPEIR: The vote is unanimous. 10 MS. PERRY: Thank you. 11 CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Does any Commissioner have any 12 other items to be taken up today on the Utility agenda? 13 (No response.) 14 CHAIRMAN SPEIR: If not, we will move along to Administrative Affairs. Good morning, Ms. Flannagan. 16 MS. FLANNAGAN: Good morning. Staff has a consent 17 agenda for approval. 18 CHAIRMAN SPEIR: We'll first take up the consent 19 agenda. All in favor, say aye. 20 COMMISSIONER WISE: Aye. COMMISSIONER EVERETT: Aye. 21 22 CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Aye. 23 VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Aye. 24 COMMISSIONER BURGESS: Aye. 25 CHAIRMAN SPEIR: The consent agenda is approved

1	unanimously.
2	And we have one item on our regular agenda?
3	MS. FLANNAGAN: Yes. Staff would like to request
4	approval to send two of our electric engineers for a trip to
5	Southern Company in Birmingham. And this is relating to the
6	independent evaluator and the RFP process. They would like
7	to travel next week and so rather than delaying it, I wanted
8	to request approval today.
9	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Any questions or comments from
10	Commissioners regarding this item?
11	(No response.)
12	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: All in favor of approving item
13	1.A. on the Administrative Affairs agenda, say aye.
14	COMMISSIONER WISE: Aye.
15	COMMISSIONER EVERETT: Aye.
16	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Aye.
17	VICE CHAIRMAN BAKER: Aye.
18	COMMISSIONER BURGESS: Aye.
19	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: It's approved unanimously.
20	MS. FLANNAGAN: Thank you.
21	CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Thank you, Ms. Flannagan.
22	If there are no other matters to be taken up this
23	morning
24	COMMISSIONER BURGESS: Madam Chair, there's one
25	thing I did want to say. I would just ask this

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Commission family has experienced a tremendous loss; Bill Edge, our public information officer's 17 year old daughter passed yesterday, and I would just ask all of you for prayers for his family that they might be comforted during this very devastating time in their lives. I would just ask that those who have a connection with the Master, that you would ask for comfort for the family. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN SPEIR: Thank you, Commissioner Burgess.

And we certainly all echo that plea, we're all heartbroken.

With that, ladies and gentlemen, thank you very

With that, ladies and gentlemen, thank you very much for your time and we will begin the hearing in the DSL matter at 11:00 a.m.

We're adjourned.

(Whereupon, the administrative session was concluded at 10:00 a.m.)

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CERTIFICATE

I, Peggy J. Warren, Certified Court Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript is an accurate record of the proceedings, to the best of my ability, prepared from a recording of the proceedings provided to me by the Georgia Public Service Commission.

Peggy J. Warren, CVR-CM, CCR A-171

	The	minutes	of	the	Administrativ	e	Session	were
approved	this	da	y of	E		2	005.	

Angela E. Speir, Chairman

Reece McAlister, Executive Secretary

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STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)	
)	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
COUNTY OF RICHLAND)	

The undersigned, Nyla M. Laney, hereby certifies that she is employed by the Legal Department for BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. ("BellSouth") and that she has caused BellSouth's letter dated July 27, 2006, filing a paper copy of the transcript of the deposition of BellSouth Witness Kathy Blake and the late-filed exhibits associated with that deposition in Docket No. 2005-57-C to be served upon the following this July 27, 2006:

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